



Office of the Senior Geologist
Groundwater Surveys and Development Agency, GoM.
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No. SG/GSDA/Pune/Tech/LGW/ 1241 / 2025

Date- 30 SEP 2025

To,
Shree.Lakshman Shankar Aambekar
Mauje-Narhe Ta- Haveli, Dist Pune.

Sub : Regarding Hydrogeological Survey at survey no.6/1/6 of village Mauje-Narhe, Ta- Haveli, Dist Pune.

Ref: Your application dated 26/09/2025

With reference to the above subject hydro-geological survey was carried out in the presence of concern personnels at survey no.6/1/6 of village Mauje-Narhe, Ta- Haveli, Dist Pune. At the time of Hydrogeological survey the concern personnel Shri Akash was present.
The details of the proposed site are as below.

Name of Village	Mauje-Narhe ,Ta- Haveli, Dist Pune.
Co-ordinates	Lat -18°25'54.8" N, Long -73°50'27.0" E
Elevation (msl)	612 m
Toposheet & Quadrant No	47F/15
Watershed No.	BM-55
Category	Safe (As per Groundwater Assessment 2022-23)
Rock Type	Basalt
Aquifer (Water bearing Zone)	Shallow Aquifer (-Jointed and Fractured Basalt)

Location:

The village mauje-Narhe ,Ta- Haveli, Dist Pune is located near Hadpsar is a mid segment locality situated in the southern part of Pune.

Geomorphology:

The topography of the mauje-Narhe ,Ta- Haveli, Dist Pune village area is, the South east direction area of village is having undulating topography with gentle slope NW to SE . The

drainage of mauje-Narhe ,Ta- Haveli,Dist Pune village belongs to dendritic drainage pattern.

Geology:

The area of the village mauje-Narhe ,Ta- Haveli,Dist Pune consists of solidified layers of basalt and thickness of each layer varies from 10.00 to 15.00 meters and formed during upper Cretaceous to lower Eocene period of Geological time scale. The basalts are dark grey to black in colour, fine to medium grained, medium jointed and fractured in nature. For the proposed area the geological as well as lithological data is considered as per field observations and reported data.

Lithology	Greyish to brownish coarse grained soil	0.00 - 0.40 m
	Highly to moderately weathered Basalt.	0.40 - 4.00 m
	Greyish black coloured, fine to medium grained, jointed and fractured Basalt.	4.00 - 10.00 m
	Greyish black coloured partly jointed and fractured Massive Basalt	10.00 - 12.00 m
	Greyish black coloured compact Massive Basalt	Below 12.00 m.

Rainfall:- Mauje-Narhe ,Ta- Haveli,Dist Pune village receives rain from south-west Monsoon and retreating of monsoon. On an average receives scanty rainfall. The average mean annual rainfall in the district is 788 mm. The distribution of rainfall is very uneven. About 85 percentage of the annual rainfall is received during the south-west monsoon season.

Hydrogeological Conditions:

At the proposed area the Soil thickness ranges from 0.00 - 0.40 m, the weathered basalt thickness ranges 0.40-4.00m, jointed and fractured basalt ranges 4.00 - 10.00 m., Greyish black coloured partly jointed and fractured massive basalt ranges 10.00 - 12.00 m and below 12.00 m the Greyish black coloured compact massive basalt. The entire area of the studied survey no.6/1/6 is underlain by the basaltic lava flows of upper Cretaceous to lower Eocene age. Geologically the area is covered by jointed and fractured basalt. Ground water in Deccan trap basalt occurs mostly in the upper weathered and fractured parts down to 10.00 - 12.00 m bgl under unconfined conditions. The water bearing strata at deeper depth exists under semi confined to confined conditions at a depth of about 30-45 m and 50-55 m. From the groundwater availability point of view, the area is moderate yielding groundwater potential zone.

The availability of groundwater as a source depends largely upon surface and subsurface geology, geomorphology, natural drainage pattern, depth of weathering and fractures present. Actual annual rainfall, groundwater extraction from other sources in the surrounding area is also the factors which control and affect the availability of groundwater.

Presently, at the said survey no.6/1/6 groundwater source that is 1 borewell is observed which are used for domestic and drinking purpose. The details of existing groundwater sources are given as below.

Sr. No.	Source	Location Gat No.	Details of GW Source				Lifting Device	Remark
			Dimensions /Daimeter in m	Dep th in m	Water Level in m.			
					Winter	Summer		
1.	Bore Well	survey no.6/1/6	150 mm(R)	60 m(R)	6.50 m(R)	15.50 m (R)	Electriect submerssible pump 3 HP	

As per information from the applicant representative, the existing source is perennial in nature and presently used for domestic and drinking purpose.

Observations:

On the basis of Hydrogeological survey done by this office, one groundwater source (Bore well) is used for drinking and domestic purpose. From the groundwater availability point of view, the surveyed area is moderate yielding groundwater potential zone. By considering the existing source presently the approx **5-8 Cu.m/Day** water may available from the existing Bore well.

Nevertheless, deficit in normal rainfall, increase in population density, excess groundwater extraction from surrounding areas and lack of groundwater recharge may create stress on the availability of groundwater. Following measures are recommended and are mandatory to the applicant.

Recommendations:

1. At the time of any development process the applicant /company /every holder of a said land shall take all possible precautions to avoid the disturbance of the natural drainage system and aquifer system available.
2. The available groundwater should be strictly used for drinking and domestic purpose only. For future development of infrastructure the requirement of water should be fulfilled by tanker water/untreated raw water so that extraction/utilization of groundwater is controlled.
3. If in future the additional water required for the drinking and domestic purpose, the water requirement should be fulfilled by the water supply connections of local authority and is mandatory to the applicant.
4. For the sustainable availability of groundwater the Roof Top Rain Water Harvesting measures to the existing groundwater sources is must.
5. The rain water harvesting structures should be implemented under the technical guidance of this office (G.S.D.A. Pune) and checked it from time to time.

6. The water quality of existing source should be analyzed regularly by the applicant/firm on its own cost from the water quality laboratory. For drinking purpose treated water should be used.
7. The topographical, hydro-geological conditions and rainfall play very important role for fulfilling the requirement of drinking and domestic water. In view of sustainable groundwater for the drinking and domestic use, the groundwater recharge through rainwater harvesting measures in a quantity equal to the extraction of groundwater from the existing sources is mandatory to the applicant.
8. In view of water requirement for the drinking and domestic use, it is strongly recommended that minimum 70 % of the extracted groundwater must be recycled and reused for further usage.
9. During the Scarcity period the rules of Maharashtra Groundwater (Development and Management) Act 2009 are mandatory to the applicant.

Surveyed By

Uhus

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